Ohio Exports to Australia



Ohio's export shipments of merchandise to Australia in 2003 totaled \$389 million, the ninth largest figure among the 50 states.

Australia was Ohio's 11th largest export market in 2003. Australia outranked such traditional major markets as South Korea, Brazil, Singapore, and Hong Kong.

Over the 1999–2003 period, Ohio's exports to Australia increased by \$65 million, the ninth largest dollar increase among the states. In percentage terms, Ohio boosted exports to Australia by 20 percent during 1999–2003, the 20th largest percentage gain nationally.

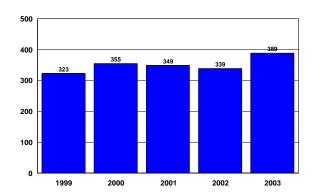
During 1999–2003, Australia was Ohio's 16th fastest growing market among the state's top 30 export destinations. Australia ranked even higher—12th place—in terms of growth in the dollar value of exports.

The overwhelming majority—97 percent—of Ohio's merchandise exports to Australia consists of a diverse range of manufactured products.

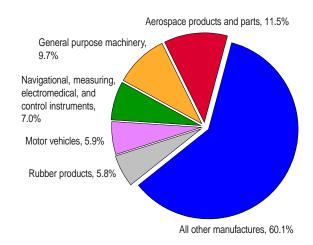
The state's top export category to Australia has consistently been machinery manufactures. In 2003, Ohio exported machinery manufactures to Australia valued at \$90 million—approximately 23 percent of the state's total exports to this market (including non-manufactures).

Ohio's Exports to Australia Increased 20 Percent From 1999 to 2003

Merchandise Exports to Australia, \$ Millions



Ohio Exported \$378 Million Worth of Manufactured Goods to Australia in 2003



Note: Manufactures are a subcategory of total merchandise exports, which also include mining commodities and unprocessed agricultural products.

Source: Origin of Movement Series, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. The Origin of Movement (OM) series allocates exports to states based on transportation origin, i.e., the state from which goods begin their journey to the port (or other point of exit) from the United States. The transportation origin of exports is not always the same as the location where the goods were produced. Thus, conclusions about "export production" in a state should not be made solely on the basis of the Origin of Movement state export figures.

Prepared by the Office of Trade & Economic Analysis, Trade Development, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Ohio's other leading exports to Australia in 2003 included transportation equipment (\$86 million, of which \$43 million consisted of aerospace products and parts and \$22 million of motor vehicles), computers and electronic products (\$39 million, of which navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments accounted for \$26 million), chemical manufactures (\$38 million, of which \$10 million was in basic chemicals), and plastics and rubber products (\$30 million, of which \$22 million was rubber products).

The growth in the state's exports to Australia from 1999 to 2003 was due mainly to increased exports in two product categories. Shipments of transporta-June 2004 tion equipment rose \$34 million over the five-year period, while shipments of plastics and rubber products rose \$16 million. Within these categories, the largest dollar increases were registered by motor vehicles (exports up \$18 million), aerospace products and parts (up \$15 million), and rubber products (up \$14 million).

Australia Was Ohio's 11th Largest Market for Merchandise Exports in 2003 Value of Ohio's Merchandise Exports to Its 30 Largest Markets

