

Global Steel Trade Monitor

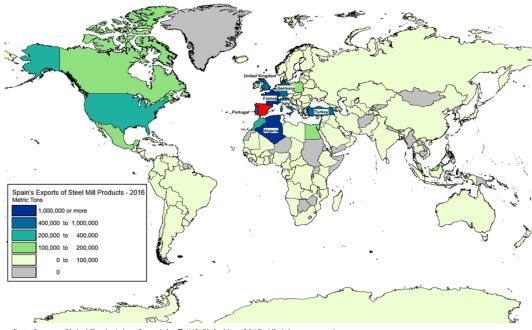
Steel Exports Report: Spain

Background May 2017

Spain is the world's fifteenth-largest steel exporter. In 2016, Spain exported 9.3 million metric tons of steel, a 3 percent decrease from 9.5 million metric tons in 2015. Exports from Spain represented about 2 percent of all steel exported globally in 2015, based on available data. The volume of Spain's 2016 steel exports was less than one-tenth that of the largest exporter, China. In value terms, steel represented just 2.4 percent of the total amount of goods Spain exported in 2016.

Spain exports steel to more than 180 countries and territories. The 7 countries labeled in the map below represent the top markets for Spain's exports of steel, receiving more than 400 thousand metric tons each and accounting for 67 percent of Spain's steel exports in 2016.

Spain's Exports of Steel Mill Products - 2016



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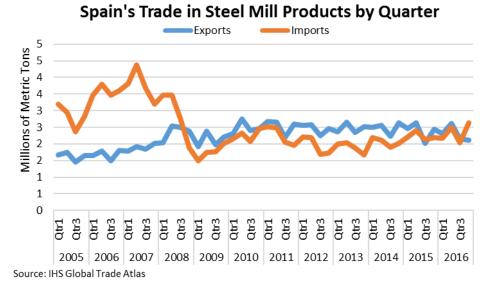
Quick Facts:

- World's fifteenth–largest steel exporter: 9.3 million metric tons (2016)
- 8% growth in steel exports since 2009
- Year-on-year export volume down 3% while export value down 11%
- Exports as a share of production at 68.1% in 2016
- Top three markets: France, Algeria, Portugal
- Largest producers: ArcelorMittal, Celsa Group, Acerinox
- 6 trade remedies in effect involving steel mill imports from Spain; 6 trade remedies in effect involving steel mill imports from the European Union

Steel Trade Balance

Prior to 2008, Spain had a trade deficit in steel products. Imports fell in the wake of the 2008 global recession. Relative to imports, exports retained average levels, and the steel trade deficit became a trade surplus. Between 2009 and 2016, imports grew 33 percent while exports grew 9 percent.

In recent quarters, Spain's steel trade surplus has narrowed, and a slight trade deficit occurred in Q3

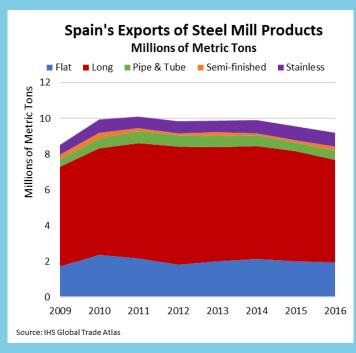


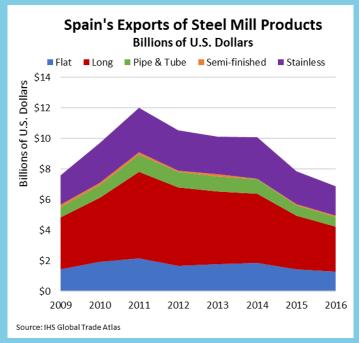
2015 and Q4 2016. In 2016, the trade deficit totaled -44 thousand metric tons, down 107 percent from a trade surplus of 611 thousand metric tons in 2015.

Export Volume, Value, and Product

Spain's steel exports averaged 9.9 million metric tons between 2010 and 2014 before decreasing 4 percent to 9.5 million metric tons in 2015. In 2016, exports have decreased by 3 percent to 9.2 million metric tons from 9.5 million metric tons in 2015. In value terms, Spain's steel exports decreased by 11 percent to \$6.9 billion in 2016 from \$7.8 billion in 2015.

Long products accounted for 63 percent of Spain's steel exports by volume at 5.8 million metric tons in 2016. Flat products accounted for 21 percent of exports (1.9 million metric tons), followed by stainless steel at 8 percent (780 thousand metric tons), pipe and tube at 5 percent (509 thousand metric tons), and semi-finished steel at 2 percent (217 thousand metric tons).





Exports by Top Market

At 7.1 million metric tons (mmt), Spain's exports to its top 10 steel markets represented 76 of its steel export percent France in volume 2016. received the largest share of exports from Spain with 16 percent (1.5 mmt), followed by Algeria at 14 percent (1.3 mmt), Portugal at 9 percent (0.9 mmt), Italy at 8 percent (0.8 and Germany mmt), percent (0.7 mmt) among the top five markets.

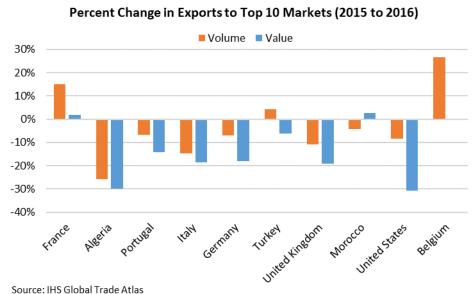


The United States ranked 9th as a destination for Spain's exports of steel in 2016 at 3 percent or 271 thousand metric tons.

Trends in Exports to Top Markets

Between 2015 and 2016, exports to Spain's top 10 markets decreased in volume to seven of its top 10 markets. Export volumes decreased the most to Algeria (down 26% from 2015), Italy (down 12.9%), and the United Kingdom (down 8.7%). Exports to Belgium from Spain increased 33.9 percent by volume from 2015, followed by exports to France (up 17.9%) and Turkey (up 4.5%).

The majority of Spain's top 10 markets also experienced a decrease in export value in 2016. The value of Spain's exports to the United States showed the largest decrease (down 30.1% from 2015), followed by exports to Algeria (down 30%), Italy (down 17.5%), and the United Kingdom (down 17.4%). Only exports to Morocco, France, and Belgium increased in value, up 5.1 percent, 4.1 percent, and 3.4 percent, respectively, in 2016.



Outside of the top 10 markets,

other notable changes in Spain's export volume in 2016 included exports to 12th-ranked Canada (up 74.5%), and 15th-ranked Mexico (down 24%).

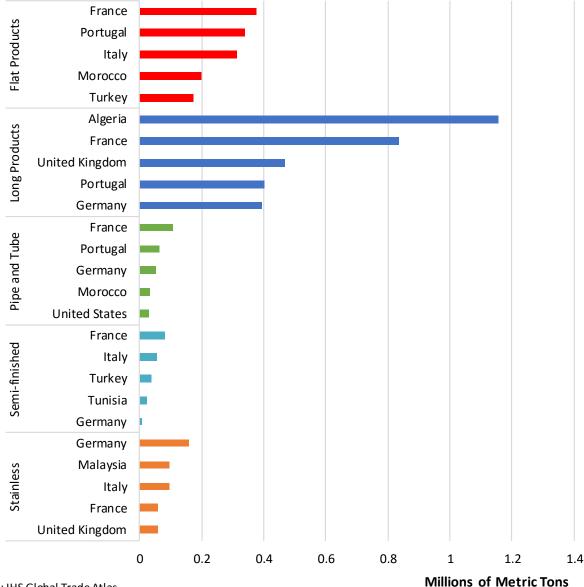
Top Markets by Steel Product Category

Spain's top export markets by volume vary across types of steel products. Spain sent the largest share of flat product exports to France in 2016 at 19 percent (377 thousand metric tons), followed closely by Portugal at 17 percent (340 thousand metric tons). France also received the largest shares of Spain's pipe and tube exports at 37 percent (107 thousand metric tons) and semi-finished exports at 37 percent (80 thousand metric tons).

Algeria received the largest share of Spain's long product exports at 20 percent (1.2 million metric tons), and Germany received 20 percent of stainless exports (157 thousand metric tons).

Pipe and tube was the only category for which the United States was a top-five export destination.





Spain's Import Market Share in Top Destinations

In 2015, the import market share for Spain's steel products decreased in the majority of its top export destinations. Portugal's share of imports from Spain saw the largest decrease (down 4.7 percentage points from 2014), followed by Morocco (down 1.3 percentage points). Shares in

Germany, Turkey, and the United States all decreased by less than one percentage point. The share of imports from Spain in France, Italy, the United Kingdom, and Israel all increased by less than one percentage point.

Among Spain's top export markets, Portugal, the United Kingdom, and Morocco received the largest shares of their steel imports from Spain in 2015 at 33.6, 10.3, and 19.4 percent, respectively. Long products

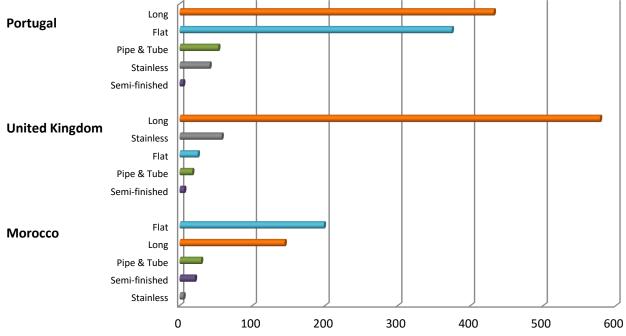
Spain's Steel Import Market Share				
Top 10 Export	Share of	Spain's Rank in	Share of	Spain's Rank
Destinations	Imports from	2014	Imports from	in 2015
(2015)	Spain - 2014		Spain - 2015	
Algeria	33.9%	1	N/A	N/A
France	8.9%	5	8.9%	5
Portugal	38.3%	1	33.6%	1
Italy	4.2%	7	4.4%	7
Germany	2.6%	10	2.6%	12
United Kingdom	9.7%	3	10.3%	3
Turkey	4.2%	6	3.6%	8
Morocco	20.7%	2	19.4%	2
United States	0.9%	16	0.8%	17
Israel*	7.0%	4	7.0%	4

Source: IHS Global Trade Atlas, based on import data per reporting country

Note: 2015 data for Algeria not available

accounted for the largest share of steel imports from Spain in both Portugal at 48% (432 thousand metric tons) and the United Kingdom at 84% (578 thousand metric tons). Flat products accounted for half of Morocco's steel imports from Spain (198 thousand metric tons).

Steel Import Composition of Top Market-Share Countries - 2015

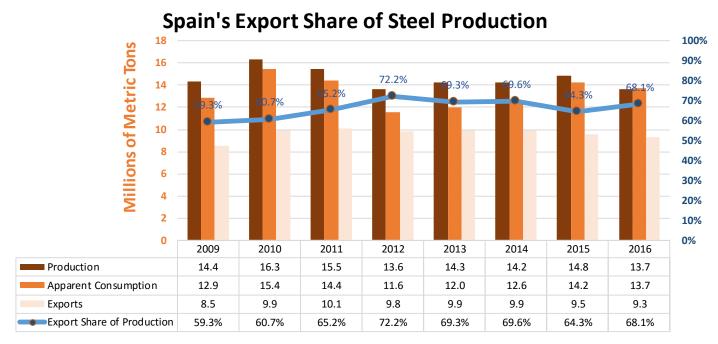


Source: IHS Global Trade Atlas, based on import data per reporting country

Thousands of Metric Tons

^{*}Israel data based on value; 2014/2015 quantity data not available

Overall Production and Export Share of Production



Sources: World Steel Association; IHS Global Trade Atlas

Spain's crude steel production levels have fluctuated between 2009 and 2015. Production increased 14 percent between 2009 and 2010 before declining 17 percent by 2012 and gradually increasing again by 2015. Production in 2016 decreased by 8 percent from 2015 to 13.7 million metric tons. Apparent consumption (a measure of steel demand) has been outpaced by production since 2009, though the gap between the two narrowed significantly and disappeared in 2016. Spain's steel exports as a share of production decreased by 7.9 percentage points between in 2015 from its peak of 72.2 percent in 2012. Exports as a share of production increased to 68.1 percent in 2016, up nearly percentage points from 2015, as production decreased at a greater rate than exports.

Top Producers

According to Spain's steel association (Unión de Empresas Siderúrgicas [UNESID]), Spain has over 20 steel production facilities and 50 rolling mills. The five largest steel-producing companies account for significant majority of Spain's steel output, with ArcelorMittal alone accounting for nearly half of production in 2016.

	Spain's Top Steel Producers in 2016		
Rank	Company	Production (mmt)	Main Products
1	ArcelorMittal	7.2	Cold-rolled coil, hot-rolled coil, rails, wire rod
2	Celsa Group	5.4 (capacity estimate)	Bars, reinforcing bars, wire rod, structural sections
3	Acerinox SA	4.7	Stainless flat products, stainless long products
4	Sidenor	1	Bars, wire rod, ingots, billets
5	Tubacex SA	N/A	Seamless tubes, stainless long products, fittings
Sources: Metal Bulletin, <i>Iron and Steelworks of the World Directory 2014</i> ; Spanish Steel Association (UNESID); Company websites			

Trade Remedies in the Steel Sector

Antidumping duties (AD), countervailing duties (CVD), associated suspension agreements, and safeguards are often referred to collectively as trade remedies. These are internationally agreed upon mechanisms to address the market-distorting effects of unfair trade, or serious injury or threat of serious injury caused by a surge in imports. Unlike anti-dumping and countervailing measures, safeguards do not require a finding of an "unfair" practice. Before applying these duties or measures, countries investigate allegations and can remedy or provide relief for the injury caused to a domestic industry. The tables below provide statistics on the current number of trade remedies various countries have against steel mill products from Spain and from the European Union, which includes Spain.

Steel Mill Trade Remedies in Effect Against Spain				
Country	AD	CVD	Suspension Agreements and Undertakings	Total
Australia	1			1
Dominican Republic	1			1
Mexico	1			1
South Korea	1			1
United States	2			2
TOTAL	6	0	0	6
Source: World Trade Organi	zation, through De	ecember 1, 2016		

Steel Mill Trade Remedies in Effect Against the European Union				
Country	AD	CVD	Suspension Agreements and Undertakings	Total
China	2			2
India	3			3
Morocco	1			1
TOTAL	6	0	0	6
Source: World Trade Organization, through December 1, 2016				

Global Steel Mill Safeguards in Effect		
Country	Product(s)	
Egypt	Steel rebar	
India	1) Hot-rolled steel in coils; 2) Hot-rolled steel flat sheets and plates	
	1) Articles of finished casing and tubing; 2) Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel; 3) I and H sec-	
Indonesia	tions of other alloy steel; 4) Bars and rods, hot-rolled, in irregularly wound coils	
Malaysia	Hot-rolled steel plate	
Morocco	1) Cold-rolled sheets and plated or coated sheets; 2) Reinforcing bars and wire rods	
Philippines	Steel angle bars	
	1) Hot-rolled steel flat products with certain amounts of alloying elements; 2) Unalloyed hot-rolled steel	
Thailand	flat products in coils and not in coils; 3) Structural hot-rolled H-beams with alloy	
Vietnam	Semi-finished and certain finished products of alloy and non-alloy steel	
Source: World Trade	Organization, through February 24, 2017	

Steel Exports Report: Glossary

Apparent Consumption: Domestic crude steel production plus steel imports minus steel exports. Shipment data are not available for all countries, therefore crude steel production is used as a proxy.

Export Market: Destination of a country's exports.

Flat Products: Produced by rolling semi-finished steel through varying sets of rolls. Includes sheets, strips, and plates. Used most often in the automotive, tubing, appliance, and machinery manufacturing sectors.

Import Penetration: Ratio of imports to apparent consumption.

Import Source: Source of a country's imports.

Long Products: Steel products that fall outside the flat products category. Includes bars, rails, rods, and beams. Used in many sectors but most commonly in construction.

Pipe and Tube Products: Either seamless or welded pipe and tube products. Used in many sectors but most commonly in construction and energy sectors.

Semi-finished Products: The initial, intermediate solid forms of molten steel, to be re-heated and further forged, rolled, shaped, or otherwise worked into finished steel products. Includes blooms, billets, slabs, ingots, and steel for castings.

Stainless Products: Steel products containing at minimum 10.5% chromium (Cr) offering better corrosion resistance than regular steel.

Steel Mill Products: Carbon, alloy, or stainless steel produced by either a basic oxygen furnace or an electric arc furnace. Includes semi-finished steel products and finished steel products. For trade data purposes, steel mill products are defined at the Harmonized System (HS) 6-digit level as: 720610 through 721650, 721699 through 730110, 730210, 730240 through 730290, and 730410 through 730690. The following discontinued HTS codes have been included for purposes of reporting historical data (prior to 2007): 722520, 722693, 722694, 722910, 730410, 730421, 730610, 730620, and 730660.

Global Steel Trade Monitor: The monitor provides global import and export trends for the top countries trading in steel products. The current reports expand upon the early release information already provided by the Steel Import Monitoring and Analysis (SIMA) system that collects and publishes data on U.S. imports of steel mill products. Complementing the SIMA data, these reports provide objective and current global steel industry information about the top countries that play an essential role in the global steel trade. Information in these reports includes global exports and import trends, production and consumption data and, where available, information regarding trade remedy actions taken on steel products. The reports will be updated quarterly.

Steel Import Monitoring and Analysis (SIMA) System: The Department of Commerce uses a steel import licensing program to collect and publish aggregate data on near real-time steel mill imports into the United States. SIMA incorporates information collected from steel license applications with publicly released data from the U.S. Census Bureau. By design, this information provides stakeholders with valuable information on the steel trade with the United States. For more information about SIMA, please go to http://enforcement.trade.gov/steel/license/.



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